

### SAFETY DATA SHEET PRO ALCOHOL-ENHANCED FLUX REMOVER - PROCLEAN, AEROSOL

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

1. Identification			
Product identifier			
Product name	PRO ALCOHOL-ENHANCED FLUX REMOVER - PROCLEAN, AEROSOL		
Product number	MCC-PRO16A, MCC-PRO, MCC-PRO101, MCC-PRO125, MCC-PRO12Y		
Synonyms; trade names "PRO-ProClean Flux Remover"			
Recommended use of the che	emical and restrictions on use		
Application	Cleaning agent.		
Details of the supplier of the s	safety data sheet		
Supplier	MICROCARE CORPORATION		
Manufacturer	MICROCARE CORPORATION 595 John Downey Drive New Britain, CT 06051 United States of America CAGE: OATV9 Tel: + 1 800 638 0125, +1 860-827-0626 Fax: +1 860-827-8105 techsupport@microcare.com		
Emergency telephone numbe	<u>er</u>		
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (within the U.S.) +1 703-741-5970 (from anywhere in the world)		
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Classification of the substanc	e or mixture		
	e or mixture This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.		
Classification of the substanc			
Classification of the substanc OSHA Regulatory Status	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.		
Classification of the substanc OSHA Regulatory Status Physical hazards	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222		
Classification of the substanc OSHA Regulatory Status Physical hazards Health hazards	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336		
Classification of the substance OSHA Regulatory Status Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Not Classified Splashes in the eyes may cause redness and irritation. Keep out of the reach of children. See		

# PRO ALCOHOL-ENHANCED FLUX REMOVER - PROCLEAN, AEROSOL

Pictogram

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing spray.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	Safety data sheet available on request. For use in industrial installations only.
Contains	PROPAN-2-OL

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures	
Mixiures	
PROPAN-2-OL	30-60%
CAS number: 67-63-0	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
ETHANOL	30-60%
CAS number: 64-17-5	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane	10-30%
CAS number: 811-97-2	
Classification	
Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments	TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory. The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of CFR 1900.1200 TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory.
Composition	
4. First-aid measures	
Description of first aid measure	<u>s</u>
General information	Promptly remove any clothing that becomes wet or contaminated. Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician for specific advice.
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Vapors may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Headache.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation, redness and dermatitis.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness. Pain. Irritation and redness, followed by blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc. Water spray, fog or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from th	e substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Oxides of carbon. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3.

Hazardous combustion	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and	
products other toxic gases or vapors.		
Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapors. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
6. Accidental release measure	IS	
Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.	
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.	
7. Handling and storage		
Precautions for safe handling		
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level.	
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.	
Specific end uses(s)		
Specific end use(s)	Cleaning agent.	
Reference to other sections.	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).	
8. Exposure Controls/persona	I protection	
Control parameters		

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **PROPAN-2-OL**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 400 ppm 980 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 492 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 400 ppm 984 mg/m<sup>3</sup> A4

#### ETHANOL

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 1000 ppm 1880 mg/m<sup>3</sup> A3

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 1000 ppm 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 4240 mg/m<sup>3</sup> OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans. A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

# Additional Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

#### ETHANOL (CAS: 64-17-5)

Ingredient com	ments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Viton rubber (fluoro rubber).
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapor contact.
Hygiene measures	Do not smoke in work area. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Color	Clear liquid. Colorless.
Odor	Alcoholic.
Odor threshold	No information available.
рН	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	77.6°C/172°F @ 101.3 kPa
Flash point	17°C/62.6°F Tag open cup.

Evaporation rate	No information available.
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper flammable/explosive limit: 12.7 %(V) Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.0 %(V)
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapor pressure	5.2 kPa @ 20°C
Vapor density	1.82
Relative density	0.79
Bulk density	No information available.
Solubility(ies)	Completely soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Explosive properties	No information available.
Oxidizing properties	There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated with oxidizing properties.
Comments	Aerosol.
Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	Not applicable.
Volatility	100%
Saturation concentration	No information available.
Critical temperature	No information available.
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 785 g/litre.
Flammability	Flammable aerosol.
10. Stability and reactivity	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not polymerize.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	Fire creates: Vapors/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen fluoride (HF).

11. Toxicological information		
Information on toxicological eff	<u> </u>	
Other health effects	nere is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
Inhalation	nausea. Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.IntactProduct has a defatting effect on skin. May cause skin irritation/eczema.	
Skin Contact		
Eye contact		
Toxicological information on in	dients.	
	PROPAN-2-OL	
Acute toxicity - in	ation	
Acute toxicity inh (LC₅₀ vapours mg	<b>ion</b> 16,000.0	
ATE inhalation (v mg/l)	ours 16,000.0	
Carcinogenicity		
IARC carcinogen	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
NTP carcinogenie	Not listed.	
OSHA Carcinoge	ty Not listed.	
	ETHANOL	
Acute toxicity - in	ation	
Acute toxicity inh (LC₅ vapours mg	<b>ion</b> 20,000.0	
ATE inhalation (v mg/l)	ours 20,000.0	
Carcinogenicity		
IARC carcinogen	IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.	
	HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane	
Other health effe	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
Acute toxicity - in	ation	
Acute toxicity inh (LC₅∞ gases ppm)	<b>ion</b> 567,000.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (g ppm)	<b>s</b> 567,000.0	
Inhalation	Vapors irritate the respiratory system. May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing.	

 i a l'Information		
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Skin Contact	May cause allergic contact eczema. Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.	
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication.	

### 12. Ecological Information

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### PROPAN-2-OL

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9,640 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 5102 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: >2,000 mg/l, Algae
	ETHANOL
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: >10,000 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 7,800 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	, 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae
	HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 450 mg/l, Fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 980 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Persistence and degradability	
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	ETHANOL
Persistence and degradability	The product is expected to be biodegradable.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient

coefficient No information available.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient : 0.05

#### ETHANOL

Bio-Accumulative	Potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.	
Partition coefficie		
	HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane	
Partition coefficie	nt Pow: 1.06	
Mobility in soil		
Mobility	Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.	
Ecological information on ingre		
	ETHANOL	
Mobility	The product is soluble in water.	
13. Disposal considerations		
Waste treatment methods		
General information	Reuse or recycle products wherever possible.	
Disposal methods	Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.	
14. Transport information		
UN Number		
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (TDG)		
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY	
Proper shipping name (DOT)	LIMITED QUANTITY	
Transport hazard class(es)		
IMDG Class	2.1 LIMITED QUANTITY	
ICAO class/division	2.1 LIMITED QUANTITY	
Packing group		
TDG Packing Group	N/A	
IMDG packing group	N/A	
ICAO packing group	N/A	
DOT packing group	N/A	
Environmental hazards		
Environmentally Hazardous Substance No.		
Special precautions for user		

EmS

F-D, S-U

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### 15. Regulatory information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities Not listed.

SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities Not listed.

CAA Accidental Release Prevention

Not listed.

#### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Acute Chronic Fire Pressure

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals Not listed.

#### US State Regulations

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

PROPAN-2-OL Present.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II) Not listed.

#### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

PROPAN-2-OL Present.

#### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

PROPAN-2-OL Present. ETHANOL Present.

#### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

PROPAN-2-OL Present. ETHANOL Present.

Minnesota "Right To Know" List

PROPAN-2-OL Present. HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane Present. ETHANOL Present.

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

PROPAN-2-OL Present.

ETHANOL Present.

#### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

PROPAN-2-OL

Present.

*ETHANOL* Present.

#### Inventories

**Canada - DSL/NDSL** Yes

US - TSCA All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification Not listed.

#### Australia - AICS

*PROPAN-2-OL* Yes

#### Japan - MITI

PROPAN-2-OL

#### China - IECSC

PROPAN-2-OL

#### **Philippines - PICCS**

PROPAN-2-OL Yes

Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.
Revision date	4/30/2018
Revision	56
Supersedes date	3/28/2018

SDS No.	AEROSOL - PRO
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.